

The paper presents data on the abundance, occurrence frequency, feeding range and reproduction of three rotifer species from the *Asplanchna* genus (*A. henrietta*, *A. priodonta*, and *A. sieboldi*) in a pond of the Urleyka river in the summer of 2014. In early June, the abundance of these species was approximately identical. In July, the abundance of *A. priodonta* and *A. sieboldi* became smaller and they disappeared in August, whilst the abundance of *A. henrietta* increased. The rotifers from the *Asplanchna* genus are omnivorous. The ration of *A. sieboldi* and *A. priodonta* is identical, but the proportion of animal food is much higher in the first species. The decrease in the food amount was the cause of falling their abundance in July and the full disappearance in August. The *A. henrietta* species filled the corresponding vacant niche and bred successfully in July and August by using vegetational food and a wide range of animal one.